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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/831,214	08/08/2001	Alexander Rollo Spowart	MURG/0004	2795
7590 01/25/2005			EXAMINER	
Gregory J. Lavorgna Esq.			TUCKER, PHILIP C	
Drinker Biddle & Reath,LLP One Logan Square			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
18th & Cherry Streets Philadelphia, PA 19103-6996			1712	
			DATE MAILED: 01/25/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/831,214	SPOWART, ALEXANDER ROLLO
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Philip C Tucker	1712
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state that the period by the Office later than three months after the main earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	I. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a eply within the statutory minimum of thir will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON ute, cause the application to become Al	reply be timely filed by (30) days will be considered timely. ITHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 04 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) The 3 Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	nis action is non-final. vance except for formal mat	•
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 1-8 and 10-21 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdi 5) Claim(s) 19-21 is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-3,6,10,11,13,16 and 17 is/are rejected to claim(s) 4,5,7,8,12 and 18 is/are objected to claim(s) are subject to restriction and claim(s) are subject to restriction and claim(s) are subject to by the Examination of the correction of	rawn from consideration. ected. b. l/or election requirement. ner. ccepted or b) objected to be drawing(s) be held in abeyar ection is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in A iority documents have been eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage
Attachment(s)	» —	(070.440)
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	Paper No(s	Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)

Art Unit: 1712

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

- 1. Claim 18 is objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c), as being of improper dependent form for failing to further limit the subject matter of a previous claim. Applicant is required to cancel the claim(s), or amend the claim(s) to place the claim(s) in proper dependent form, or rewrite the claim(s) in independent form. Claim 18 teaches the compound Lead, which is deleted from parent claim 17.
- 1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 2. Claim 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Ziolo et al (6048920).

Ziolo teaches a micronized polymeric product containing an oxide of iron, which is used in security printing (see abstract, column 7, lines 62-67 and column 9, lines 19-27).

Art Unit: 1712

3. Claims 1-3, 11, 13, 16 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Voets (6114077).

Voets teaches a micronized toner composition which can be used in security printing, which comprises titanium oxide fused in a polymer, wherein the opacity (transmission) is utilized as an indicator toward visible light (column 5, lines 15-38 and Examples). No stimulated output is taught by such particles.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 1-3, 6, 10, 13, and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ziolo (6048920).

Ziolo teaches a micronized polymeric product containing an oxide of iron, which is used in security printing (see abstract, column 7, lines 62-67 and column 9, lines 19-27). The formulation may be used in inks (column 6, lines 30-42 and column 7, lines 62-67). Ziolo differs from the present invention in that the specific use on a document is not disclosed. However, it would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to utilize

Art Unit: 1712

the micronized composite of Ziolo with documents, given the teaching of Ziolo that such is useful in security printing, and in ink formulations.

- 6. Claims 4, 5, 7, 8, 12, 14 and 15 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 7. Claims 19-21 are allowable over the art of record.
- 8. Applicants arguments have been considered but are only deemed partially persuasive. Applicants amendment has distinguished over Langley. Applicant has argued that Voets and Ziolo do not teach the specific properties of the present invention, in that both would have a simple absorption spectrum. This is not necessarily so, since a composition may appear black or white but still have several peaks in the absorption spectrum. In fact it would be unusual for compositions to have very flat spectrums. Applicant has given no reason why the oxide of titanium would behave differently in applicants invention, than in the Voets invention, or similarly the iron oxide of Ziolo. In both instances, a micronized oxide of titanium or iron oxide in a carrier is used. It is well established in case law that a newly discovered property cannot distinguish over an old composition (In re Tomlinsin 150 USPQ 623). Contrary to applicants arguments, Voets clearly teaches the use of the toner in security documents

Art Unit: 1712

without a fluorescent compound (column 5, lines 15-38). There is thus no distinction seen in view of Voets.

9. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Philip C Tucker whose telephone number is 571-272-1095. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday, Flexible schedule.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Randy Gulakowski can be reached on 571-272-1302. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Art Unit: 1712

Page 6

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Philip C Tucker Primary Examiner Art Unit 1712

PCT-3261